

Edward Hogg - 27th February 2014



Why did the United Kingdom build the 2050 Calculator

How to use it

How we are working with other countries to develop their own version

Situation in the UK before we built the Calculator

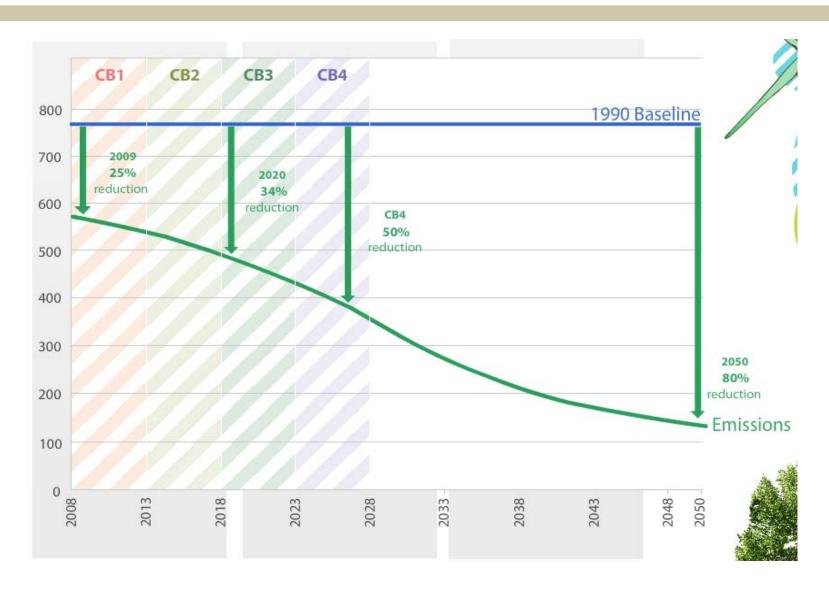


There was **an ill-informed debate** in the UK about our energy system. We wanted to **answer a number of questions**:

- 1. How much **energy** can we **supply** from different energy technologies?
- 2. How much **energy** do different sectors **use** and how can we change this?
- 3. What is the **cost** of different energy pathways?
- 4. Which sectors are the one we should **focus** on? Which are **less important**?
- 5. Can we achieve our emissions target?
- 6. What impact would different pathways have on our air quality and land area?
- 7. What could happen to our energy dependency and security?
- 8. What is **publically acceptable**?

Why 2050? The UK has a Climate Change law that sets targets out to 2050.





The Calculator explores what is possible, <u>not</u> what you think will happen

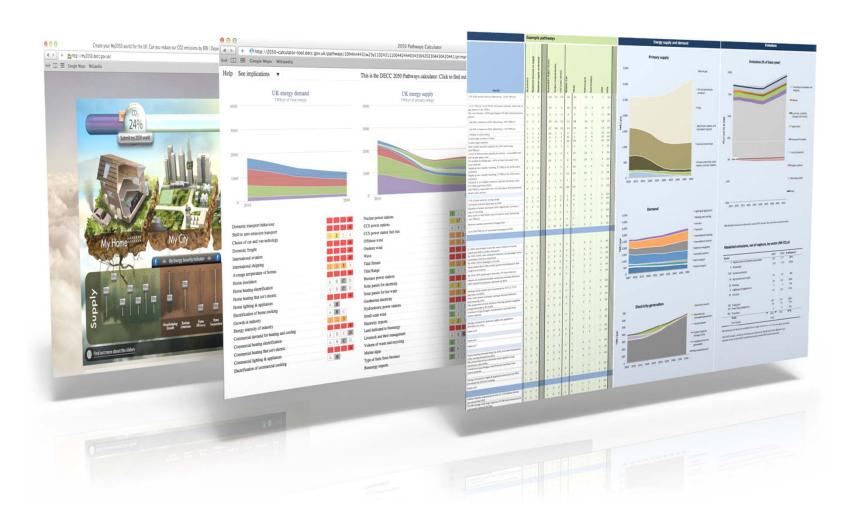


potential')

Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 4 The maximum possible due to Effort described by Effort needing No effort (not physical/ practical most stakeholders significant change business as usual) constraints only hard but deliverable as achievable • (similar to 'technical

And it provides different levels of detail depending on the audience





Even one for the Queen.....



We were awarded the Science, Engineering and Technology **award a**t the Civil Service Awards, **Buckingham Palace**. And have been recently acknowledged for our work with other countries.





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The UK has used the Calculator to find common messages about our world in 2050



1	Ambitious per capita energy demand reduction is needed – but is not sufficient
2	Substantial electrification of heating, transport and industry is needed
3	Electricity supply needs to be almost totally decarbonised, while supply may also need to double
4	A growing level of variable renewable generation increases the challenge of balancing the electricity grid
5	Sustainable bioenergy is a vital part of a low carbon energy system
6	Reduction in emissions from agriculture, waste, industrial processes and international transport will be necessary by 2050
7	Fossil fuels will continue to play an important role



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How we are working with other countries to develop their own version

Because all our work is online it was very easy to share with other countries



https://www.gov.uk/international-outreach-work-of-the-2050-calculator



Department of Energy & Climate Change

International outreach work of the 2050 Calculator

The 2050 Calculator approach is being adapted and developed further by teams outside of the UK

Contents

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2050 Calculator international outreach

International 2050 Pathways Conference 2012

How to build a 2050 Calculator

See more like this



2050 Calculator Overview

To support the UK 2050 Pathways Analysis DECC developed a 2050 Energy and Emissions Calculator model. The Calculator is a tool that helps strengthen the level of debate on energy issues in the UK.

What is the 2050 Calculator?

The Calculator is an open source energy and emissions model. It allows the user to explore all high-level energy and emission pathway options the country faces. For each possible 2050 pathways the user can further investigate impacts on land-use, electricity, energy security, energy flows, costs etc.

The UK 2050 Calculator exists in three formats:

China's Energy Research Institute (ERI) have built their own version





And launched this at a conference of international observers





China has used its 2050 Calculator to look at a range of different issues





5

6

1	To show how China meets Xiaokang Society (a term introduced by Deng
	Xiaoping in 1979 as the eventual goal of Chinese modernization) by 2020

- What needs to happen if China energy consumption is to peak by 2030;
- China 2050 pathways for low carbon development and the associated Emission Reduction Policy and Commitment
- China 2050 non-fossil fuel energy development pathways
 - China 2030/2050 Energy Independent Development Pathways (less reliance on imports)
 - They are using it for China's 2050 energy development strategy

And this has now led to a range of other countries developing their own version



State of work

Published







China



Excel complete waiting to publish





South Korea

Team's working on the Excel







Colombia



Brazil



Bangladesh



Algeria



Vietnam



Thailand



Indonesia



Nigeria



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The Global Calculator will complement the work of the Country Calculators



The Global Calculator will make the case for tackling climate change and show how the global system adds up...





Key target audiences will be multinational businesses, NGOs and governments



User

Questions answered

Key decision makers within multinational businesses

Scenario analysis tool for showing how global energy, land and food system "adds up" and showing the business opportunities that could arise from decarbonisation.

NGOs and some parts of governments

Show at a glance how pathways from other models compare (e.g. IEA 2, 4 and 6D pathways).

All users

To make the case for tackling climate change by:

- Showing detrimental impacts
- Illustrating aspirational low emission pathways.

... but it will not be designed to answer more complex price impact and burden sharing questions



It will not be designed to answer questions such as:

- **Price impacts**: what is the impact of a global carbon tax of \$x/tCO2?
- Burden sharing: if the US did X and China did Y, how would other countries respond and what would happen to global emissions and climate impacts?

But it will be able to illustrate pathways from other models exploring these questions.

We will build it in partnership with a range of international experts





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- Met Office, UK
- Tyndall Centre, UK.