

GLOBAL STATUS REPORT 2012 Key Findings

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Webinar focussing on North America



About REN21



- Multi-stakeholder Policy Network grouping:
 - National governments: Brazil, Germany, Denmark, UK, Spain, Norway, India, UAE, US, Uganda, Morocco, etc.
 - International organisations: EC, IEA, IRENA, UNEP, UNIDO, UNDP, ADB, GEF, etc.
 - Industry associations: RENAlliance (WWEA, WBA, IGA, ISES, IHA), ARE, GWEC, EREC, etc.
 - Science & Academia: SANEDI, IIASA, TERI, etc.
 - NGOs: WWF, Greenpeace, ICLEI, CURES, WRI, etc.
- Objective: enable a rapid global transition to renewable energy
- REN21 Secretariat based at UNEP in Paris/France

REN21 Renewables Global Status Report



- Launched on June 11, 2012 along with UNEP's Global trends in RE investment
- Team of over 400 Contributors, researchers & reviewers worldwide
 - Lead author (Janet Sawin) & Chapter authors
 - Regional Contributors, Technology contributors & Rural energy contributors
 - REN21 Secretariat research support team

The report features:

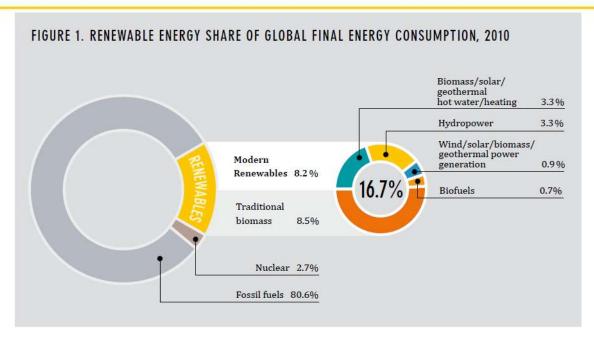
- Global Market Overview, Investment Flows, Industry Trends,
 Policy Landscape, Rural Renewable Energy
- All renewable energy technologies
- Sectors: power, heating/cooling, transport
- New elements in 2012:
 - Rural renewable energy
 - Renewable energy & energy efficiency



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Renewable Energy in the World





- RE supplied an estimated 17% of global final energy consumption
- UN Secretary General's goal : doubling the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix by 2030
- Renewable energy continued to grow strongly despite policy uncertainty in some countries, the geography of renewables is expanding as prices fall and policies spread

TOP 5 in 2012



	New capacity investment	Hydropower capacity	Solar PV capacity	Wind power capacity	Solar hot water/heat capacity ¹	Biodiesel production	Ethanol production
1	China	China	Italy	China	China	United States	United States
2	United States	Vietnam	Germany	United States	Turkey	Germany	Brazil
3	Germany	Brazil	China	India	Germany	Argentina	China
4	Italy	India	United States	Germany	India	Brazil	Canada
5	India	Canada	France	U.K./ Canada	Italy	France	France
		Renewable power capacity	Renewable power capacity	Renewable power capacity per capita	Biomass power capacity	Geothermal power capacity	Hydropowe capacity
		power	power	power	power	power	
		(incl. hydro)	(not incl. hydro)	(not incl. hydro) ²			
1		China	China	Germany	United States	United States	China
2		United States	United States	Spain	Brazil	Philippines	Brazil
3		Brazil	Germany	Italy	Germany	Indonesia	United State
4		Canada	Spain	United States	China	Mexico	Canada
5		Germany	Italy	Japan	Sweden	Italy	Russia
	Solar PV capacity	Solar PV capacity per capita	Wind power capacity	Solar hot water/heat capacity ¹	Solar hot water/heat capacity per capita ^s	Geothermal heat installed capacity	Geothermal direct heat use ⁸
				A STATE OF THE STA	PARTICIPAL DE LA CONTRACTION DEL CONTRACTION DE LA CONTRACTION DE	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	China
1	Germany	Germany	China	China	Cyprus	United States	China
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1 2 3	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	September 2 March	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF T	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF	United State Sweden
2	Italy	Italy	United States	Turkey	Israel	China	United State

Global Market Overview – Power Markets



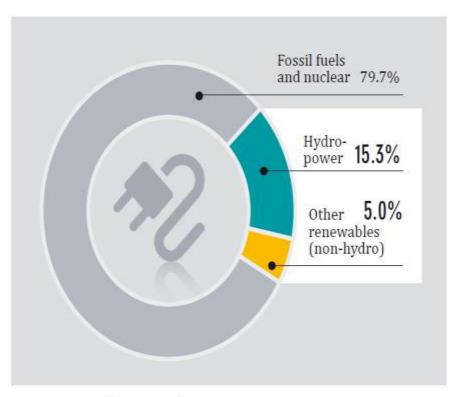


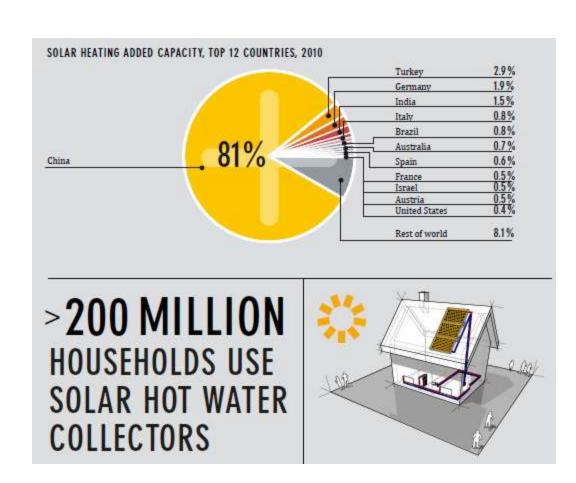
Figure 3. Renewable Energy Share

- Renewables accounted for nearly half of the estimated 208GW of new electric capacity installed in 2011
- Renewable electric power capacity worldwide reached 1,360 GW (+8%) in 2011
- Renewable energy comprised more than 25% of global power generation capacity
- 20.3% of global electricity was produced from renewable energy

Global Market Overview – Heating & Cooling



- Transition towards the use of larger systems, increasing use of CHP and district schemes.
- Growing trend to use solar resources to generate process heat for industry.
- Solar hot water used in over 200 million households and commercial buildings.



Global Market Overview – Transport

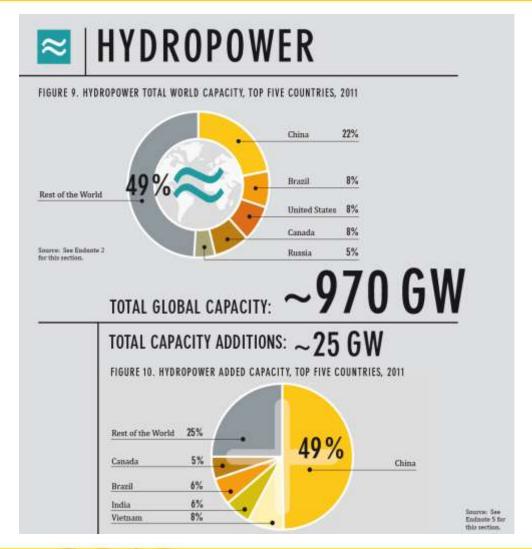


RE used in form of electricity, hydrogen, biogas, liquid biofuels. Liquid biofuels provided 3% of global road transport fuel in 2011.

• Electric transport is being tied directly with renewable energy through policy directives in many countries.

Hydropower

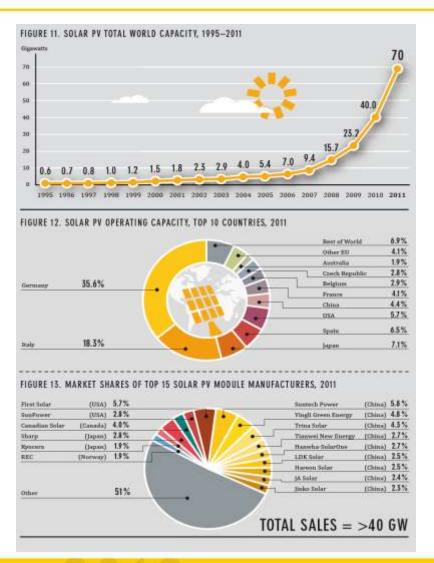




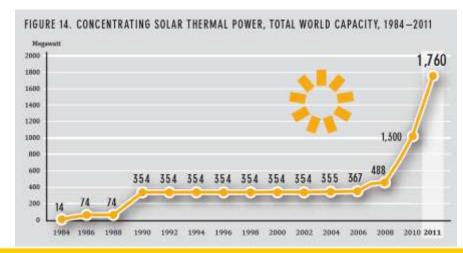
- 25GW of new hydropower was added in 2011, increasing capacity by nearly 3%, bringing installed capacity to 970GW
- Globally hydropower generated 3,400TWh of electricity in 2011. China alone produced 663TWh followed by Brazil (450TWh)
- Small, but growing, market is emerging for low capacity hydropower in Asia, Sub Saharan Africa and Latin America

Solar Power



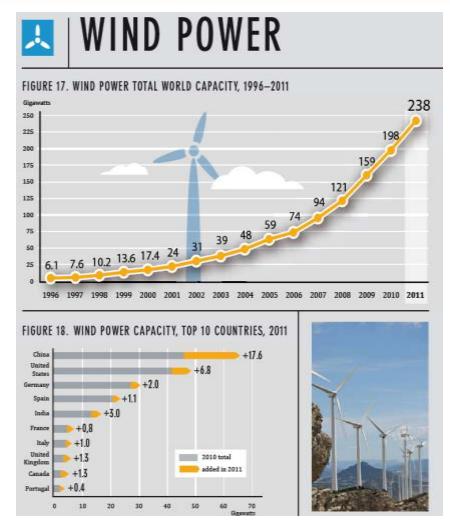


- 30GW of new solar PV capacity came into being in 2011
- Solar PV capacity in operation in 2011 is about ten times the global total in 2006
- Size of global PV industry exceeds USD 100 billion per year.
- 460 MW of CSP installed in 2011 bringing the total installed capacity to 1.760 MW

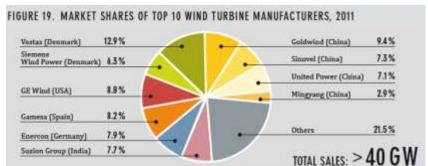


Wind Power



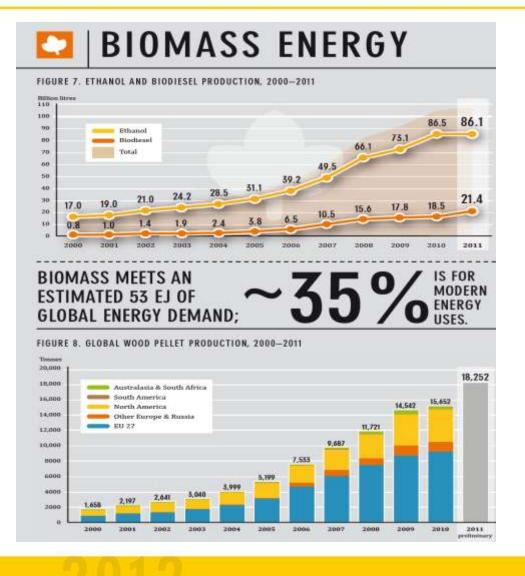


- In 2011, 40GW of wind power capacity was installed, increasing the total to 238GW.
- Annual growth rate of cumulative wind power capacity between 2006-2010 averaged at 26%
- The EU presented 23% of the global market and accounted for 41% of total wind power capacity, down from 51% in 2007.



Biomass Energy





- Biomass energy accounted for over 10% of global primary energy supply in 2011
- The present global demand for biomass is 53EJ, mainly used for heating, cooking and industrial applications
- Liquid biofuels production grew rapidly at 17% for ethanol and 27% for biodiesel
- Europe is the largest market for pellets, biodiesel and biogas

Geothermal Energy





- 205 TWh (738PJ) of district heat and electricity was provided by geothermal resources in 2011
- Heat output from geothermal sources grew at 100%p.a. from 2005-2010; reaching 489PJ in 2011
- China led in direct geothermal energy use in 2010, followed by the United States, Sweden, Turkey, Japan and Iceland.
- Geothermal power became more attractive due to flexibility offered by new technologies such as flash plants combined with binary bottoming cycles for increased efficiency.

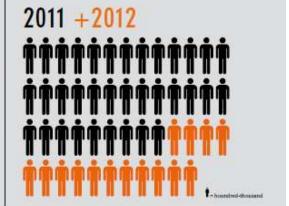
Industry Trends



- RE industry saw continued growth in manufacturing, sales and installation
- Cost reductions (especially in PV and onshore wind) contributed to growth
- Changing policy landscape in many countries industry uncertainties, declining policy support, international financial crisis and barriers to trade
- Worldwide jobs in renewable energy industries exceeded 5 million in 2011; clustered primarily in bioenergy and solar industries

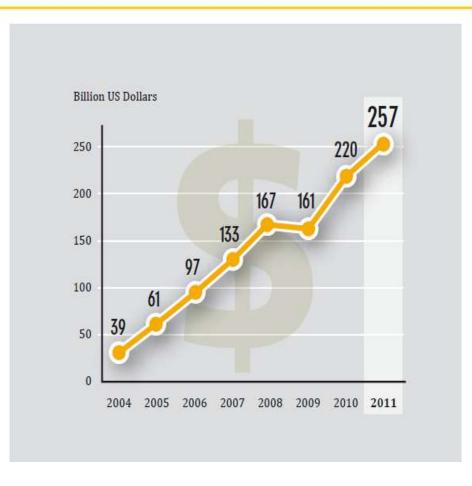
	Global	China	India	Brazil	USA	EU	Germany	Spain	Others	
TECHNOLOGIES .	Thousand jobs									
Biomass	750	266	58		152	273	51	14	21	
Biofuels	1,500			889*	47-160	151	23	2	194	
Biogas	230	90	85			53	51	1.4		
Geothermal ¹	90				10	53	14	0.6		
Hydropower (Small ²)	40		12		8	16	7	1.6	1	
Solar PV	820+	3005	112		82	268	111	28	6011	
CSP	40				9		2	24		
Solar Heating/ Cooling	900	800	41		9	50	12	10	1	
Wind Power	670+	150	42	14	75	253	101	55	3311	
Total ³	5,000	1,606	350	889	392-505	1,117	372	137	291	





Investment Flows





Source: UNEP/Bloomberg: Global Trends in Renewable Energy Investment 2011

- Total global investment in RE jumped in 2011to a record of \$257 billion, up 17% from 2010
- This is 6 times the level of investment in 2004 and 94% more than the total investment in RF in 2007
- Total investment exceeds
 - \$267 billion including estimated \$10 billion (unreported) invested in solar hot water
 - ~\$282 billion including the \$25 billion invested in large hydropower (>50 MW)
- Despite the rise in investment, the rate of growth of investment was below the 37% rise in investment from 2009 to 2010.

Investment Flows

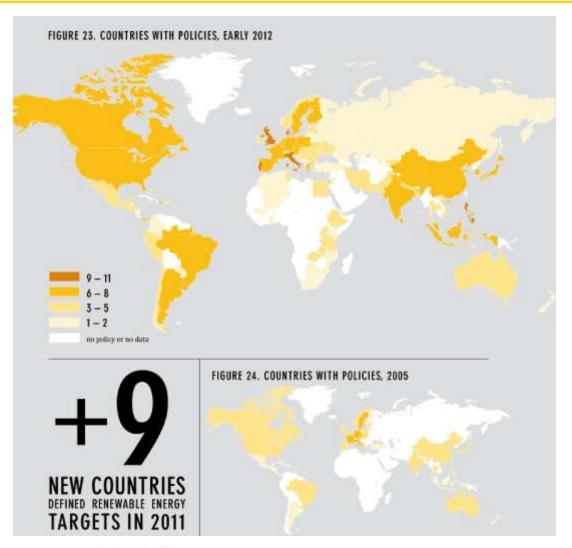


- The top 5 countries for total investment in 2011 were China, USA, Germany, Italy and India.
- Investment in RE in China went up by 17% in 2011
- Investment in RE in USA made a significant leap of 57% in 2011.
- Investment in Germany (excluding R&D) dipped 12% from the 2010 levels
- Investment in RE in India went up by 62% in 2011



Policy Landscape



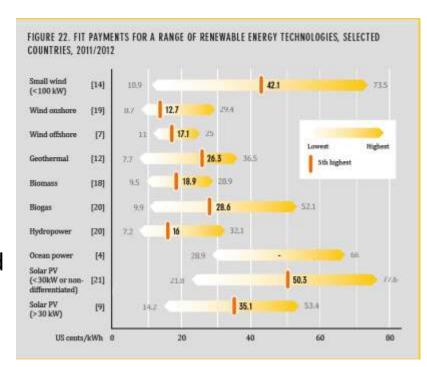


- Targets in at least 118 countries up from the 96 reported in previous year; more than half are developing countries.
- Some setbacks resulting from a lack of long-term policy certainty and stability in many countries
- GSR2012 portrays efforts in systematic linking of energy efficiency and renewable energy in the policy arena.

Policy Landscape



- Renewable power generation policies remain the most common type of support policy; Feed-in-tariffs (FIT) and renewable portfolio standards (RPS) are the most commonly instruments. FIT policies were in place in at least 65 countries and 27 states worldwide by early 2012.
- Policies to promote renewable heating and cooling expanded.
- Almost two-thirds of the world's largest cities had adopted climate change action plans by the end of 2011, with more than half of them planning to increase their uptake of renewable energy.



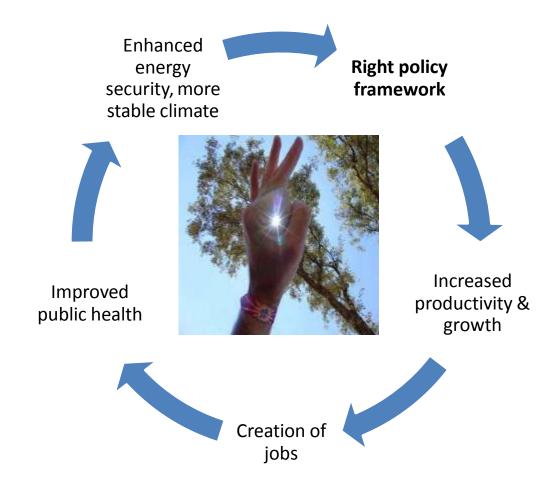
Energy Access



- UN Secretary General's goal: Global action to achieve universal access to modern energy services by 2030
- In order to achieve universal access for all, the current global investments on energy access of annual 9 billion USD need to be increased to 48 billion USD annually
- 2.6 billion people still employed traditional cookstoves and open fires for heating and cooking in 2011
- Large numbers of actors and programmes, with limited coordination, makes impact assessment and data collection in the region a big challenge
- Lower prices of renewable energy technology is allowing manufacturers to diversify into emerging markets
- Financial models in rural energy include:
 - Small retail markets
 - Public-Private micro financing initiatives
 - National/multi stakeholder programmes

Enabling Framework





REN21 facilitates global dialogue on RE transition



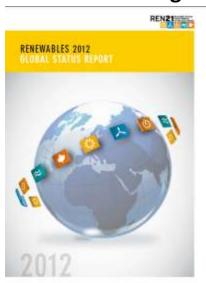


15-17 January 2013

incl. Launch of

REN21 Global Futures Report

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